WAYS AND STEAMBOATS.

RAILWAY & NAVIGATION C

otice to Shippers.

FOR POINTS IN SOUTH OF PORTLAND
Willamette river as far as Salem, leaving
Feb 23, 1884.
A. L. STOKES, Agent.
GE, Portland Division.

n R'y & Navigation C
OCEAN DIVISION.

PORTLAND | SAN FRANCISCO
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Connections.
Connects with Oregon Railway & Navigation Co.'s Division.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION.
Leaves Portland at 9:00 A. M. Arrives at 5:30 P. M.
Leaves Portland at 5:30 P. M. Arrives at 2:00 A. M.
Connections.
Connects with Oregon Railway & Navigation Co.'s Division.

R'y & Navigation C
OCEAN DIVISION.

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Connections.
Connects with Oregon Railway & Navigation Co.'s Division.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION.
Leaves Portland at 9:00 A. M. Arrives at 5:30 P. M.
Leaves Portland at 5:30 P. M. Arrives at 2:00 A. M.
Connections.
Connects with Oregon Railway & Navigation Co.'s Division.

Junction with Dalles, S. & N. Co.
Connects with Steamer [illegible] for Dalles and intermediate landings.

MAIL DIVISION.
Passenger connects with Atlantic Express for Huntington, Baker City, Ashton, Mo., Cheyenne, Omaha, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Kansas City, St. Louis, and all points East and South.
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars and Passenger Coaches run through to Huntington without change.
Connects at Huntington with Express for points on the Oregon Short Line, leaving Huntington at 4:00 P. M. daily, arriving at Ogden at 8:30 A. M. next day.
Passengers are carried between Huntington and Ogden in Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars.
Through tickets are sold to all points in the Eastern States, Canada and Europe.
Close connection is made at Ogden with the Utah Central Railway for Salt Lake City, arriving at Salt Lake City at 10:30 A. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Portland at 6:00 P. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 A. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 6:30 P. M. daily, arriving at Portland at 6:00 A. M. next day.
Local Freight leaves Portland at 7:00 A. M. daily, except Sunday, arriving at The Dalles at 6:00 P. M.
Local Freight leaves The Dalles at 7:00 A. M. daily, except Sunday, arriving at Portland at 6:00 P. M.
Close connection is made at Wallula with Local Freight for Walla Walla, arriving at Walla Walla at 6:00 P. M.
Local Freight leaves Walla Walla at 7:00 A. M. daily, except Sunday, arriving at Wallula at 6:00 P. M.
Close connection is made at Wallula with Local Freight for Portland, arriving at Portland at 6:00 A. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 6:30 P. M. daily, arriving at Baker City at 10:30 A. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Baker City at 3:00 P. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 7:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Baker City at 12:00 M.
Express Train leaves Baker City at 1:00 P. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 5:00 P. M.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Ashton at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Ashton at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Cheyenne at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Cheyenne at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Omaha at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Omaha at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Chicago at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Chicago at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at St. Paul at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves St. Paul at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Kansas City at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Kansas City at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at St. Louis at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves St. Louis at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Boston at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Boston at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at New York at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves New York at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Philadelphia at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Philadelphia at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Washington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Washington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Richmond at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Richmond at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Norfolk at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Norfolk at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Charleston at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Charleston at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Savannah at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Savannah at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Jacksonville at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Jacksonville at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Tampa at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Tampa at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Key West at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Key West at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Havana at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Havana at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Nassau at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Nassau at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Bermuda at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Bermuda at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Barbados at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Barbados at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Trinidad at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Trinidad at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Demerara at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Demerara at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Paramaribo at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Paramaribo at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Cayenne at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Cayenne at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Rio de Janeiro at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Rio de Janeiro at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Montevideo at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Montevideo at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Buenos Aires at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Buenos Aires at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Valparaiso at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Valparaiso at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Lima at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Lima at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Panama at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Panama at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Guatemala at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Guatemala at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Mexico City at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Mexico City at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at San Francisco at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves San Francisco at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Huntington at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Portland at 6:00 P. M. next day.
Express Train leaves Portland at 8:00 A. M. daily, arriving at Huntington at 6:00 P. M. next day.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XXIV. PORTLAND, OREGON: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 23 1884 NO. 7424

WASHINGTON.

Decisions Rendered in Several Pacific Coast Land Cases.

THREE MEN GAIN AN UNJUST FAVOR

Exciting Meeting of the House Foreign Affairs Committee—Action on the Chinese Bill Again Postponed.

Pacific Coast Land Cases.

WASHINGTON, Feb 22—[special]—The Land Office has rendered a decision in the case of Thomas Carney vs. Frederick Ruhstaller, involving the title to the Ruhstaller donation claim in Portland. The decision is adverse to Carney, who claimed that the land was subject to pre-emption at the time Ruhstaller filed his declaratory statement. The decision reverses that of the local officers at Portland, and holds that the land was not subject to pre-emption at the time Ruhstaller filed his declaratory statement, and that Carney's pre-emption claim was therefore invalid. The decision is based upon the fact that the land was not surveyed at the time Carney settled upon it, and was not subject to pre-emption. The decision is in accordance with the recent decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Hosmer vs. Wallace, and is the first decision rendered by the Land Office in accordance with the decision of the Supreme Court. The decision will be followed in the case of Ruhstaller vs. Carney, and in a number of other cases now pending before the Land Office involving the same question.

The Land Office has also rendered a decision in the case of Thomas Cronin vs. Thomas Cronin, involving the title to the pre-emption claim of the latter, situated in Portland. The decision is adverse to the claimant, and holds that the land was not subject to pre-emption at the time Cronin filed his declaratory statement, and that the latter's pre-emption claim was therefore invalid. The decision is based upon the fact that the land was not surveyed at the time Cronin settled upon it, and was not subject to pre-emption. The decision is in accordance with the recent decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Hosmer vs. Wallace, and is the first decision rendered by the Land Office in accordance with the decision of the Supreme Court. The decision will be followed in the case of Ruhstaller vs. Carney, and in a number of other cases now pending before the Land Office involving the same question.

Chinese Immigration.

The Committee on Foreign Affairs met this morning to consider the Chinese question, but after a session of two hours adjourned without coming to any conclusion. The meeting was a very exciting one, and at times the discussion was very warm. Mr. Morrison, of Illinois, was present, and made a strong appeal in favor of the bill, which he said was a measure of the greatest importance to the people of the Pacific coast. He said that the people of that section were practically unanimous in favor of the bill, and that it was the only means of relief they could obtain from the evils which they suffered from Chinese immigration. Mr. Morrison said that he had received a letter from Mr. Bradley, of San Francisco, in which the latter said that twenty years ago there was a number of Chinese in California, but that the people of that State could tolerate the presence of that class of people. Mr. Bradley said that twenty years ago there was a number of the

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 2, 1884.

A JUST VERDICT.

The verdict of the jury in the Murray case is a just one. No other would have been in harmony with law and justice. It is the verdict which the public had a right to expect, and the murderer will hang, as he ought. All the more gratifying is the result because of the protracted and desperate effort made by the defense to overcome the law and overrule the principles of justice. It is not too much to say that the defense in this case was based on gross and open insult to and an extreme which constitutes a public scandal; and the press, in the name of the people, ought to condemn the proceedings.

Insanity was the plea set up for the murderer, of course. It is unfortunate for the profession of the law that there is a class in it so ready to make so absurd a plea as this was in the present case, and to contend for it against the interests of society and the principles of justice. Such a course brings upon the profession of the law the execration of the people. It gives ground for the complaint that lawyers league themselves with criminals to shield them from punishment, and to overthrow the monuments of the law which are designed for protection of the innocent and not of the guilty. The defense in this case was conducted on the assumption that the law exists to secure the safety of criminals, not to bring them to punishment and it was scandalous to the last degree. It deterred and delayed justice and forced the state to great expense to beat it down.

The plea of insanity was not even a plausible one, and in the circumstances was discreditable to those who tried to maintain it. It was apparent to every fair observer that the murderer was simply a drunken and incorrigible wretch, who, in one of his fits of rage, to which he habitually stimulated himself by drink, had committed a most wanton and atrocious murder. The kind of "insanity" to which he was a victim is dispensed at the vile drinking holes which so continually haunted, and he absorbed it at the rate of fifteen to twenty-five glasses a day. At these fountains he fed and it flashed his jealousy till he was ready for the deed. It would be as gentle defense, if not a better, to say that as he meant to slay another man, the murder of his brother-in-law was excusable, because it was only an accident. Of the conduct of the woman to whom he was married nothing need be said because, whatever it was, it afforded him no excuse. She was as good at least as he, and when he frequented the haunts of vice to fill himself with intoxicating swill and to dance with the vile inmates, he was scarcely in a position to be a critic of her conduct. It is an abuse of pity to suggest it for a frequenter of these reeking holes, every one of which is a nursery of the kind of "insanity" which was pleaded as a defence for this murderer. About as valid would be the plea in behalf of the keeper of the den that he is entitled to protection of the law for a "legitimate business." The public have to thank this jury that the murderous instinct stimulated by the horrid fumes and more horrid practices of these hells is not declared to be the kind of insanity that can be set up as a successful defense to the most dreadful of crimes. The plea of insanity in such a case is an outrage upon public justice, and the too common habit of setting up the plea cannot be too loudly condemned. The practice of the law ought to go in the hands of men who respect themselves and their profession too much to urge the plea in such a case. They mistake grossly who suppose it possible to lay in such way the basis of a respectable and solid reputation at the bar.

THE PLEA OF INSANITY.

The defense of insanity has been so frequently and grossly abused in this country that many intelligent public men, including the judges of some of the courts, have expressed the opinion that more discretion should be left to the courts in regard to the punishment, or at least the confinement of persons found on trial for high crimes and misdemeanors to be insane, than the statutes of most of the states and territories allow. The Massachusetts law is more in accordance with the views referred to, than that of any state with whose laws we are familiar. It provides that "when a person indicted for murder or manslaughter is acquitted by the jury by reason of insanity, the court shall order such person to be committed to one of the state lunatic hospitals during his natural life," from which he cannot be discharged except by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the council," after a hearing, in which it is shown to their satisfaction "that such person may be discharged without danger to others." In most of the states when a person is acquitted on account of insanity, it is left to the discretion of the court whether he shall be committed to an asylum or the insane at all, and if committed the law allows his almost immediate discharge. The Massachusetts law was recently illustrated in the commitment to an asylum for life of Freeman, the Pocasset murderer, after he had been adjudged sane by medical experts. There is no doubt that many, if not a large majority of insane persons, and this is especially true of those afflicted with the kind of insanity recognized as "mental unsoundness," and the emotionally insane, are amenables to motives and subject to restraint through fear. Dr. John Ordronaux, professor of medical jurisprudence in the Columbia law school, says, "the mere fact of mental weakness is not an answer to an indictment for crime unless that weakness or unsoundness be the direct offspring of disease, and the disease overpower the reason and the free will at the moment of committing the offense. A weak mind is not absolved from the duty of watching over its own conduct, and restraining its evil propensities; and while it might not merit the same degree of punishment for offending as a strong one, it would be wrong to assert that it was wholly disunishable either in law or in *foro conscientiæ*."

A slight change in the law of this state, the addition of a clause to the statute giving the court discretion as to the acceptance of a verdict of acquittal from the jury on the ground of insanity would afford an opportunity of relief from the abuse of the defense of insanity, and protection also to society. At the trial of Dukes, it will be remembered, the judge expressed his great horror of the verdict of acquittal, and regret that the law compelled him to accept it. The result is well known. It led to another murder, to the private punishment of Dukes which the law had denied, and threats of still another which very likely, however, will not be fulfilled. It is possible, nevertheless, in such a case for private vengeance to continue to wreck itself through a series of murders—until the last victim has no avenger. If this discretion was allowed the court it would doubtless limit the number of cases in which this defense would be set up; for it is upon their ability to work upon the sensibilities of jurors, or to raise by sophistical pleas the reasonable doubt, that the defenders of criminals rely, or upon the "gilded hand" that "shoves by justice." In many of these cases, particularly murder cases, the defendant may be beat enough insane to be an outfit subject for the gallows, and at the same time sane enough to merit, and require for the protection of society, imprisonment for life. We think that such cases would be more justly disposed of if the court had discretionary power to affix a proper penalty. This would be giving to the *writ prius* court only that degree of authority over the person of the accused that is exercised often by courts of appeal, and the knowledge that this discretion rested with the court would prove to be a salutary check upon the ambition of criminal lawyers to gain a verdict of acquittal through the great American uncertainty of the conclusions of a jury.

The next trials for murder are to be those of Bloxam and Mrs. Fisher for the murder of Jacob Fisher. The public may get ready for the "insanity racket" once more.

A married couple perished in the City of Columbia disaster, leaving no children, but considerable property. As it is impossible to say surely which one died first, the title to the estate will have to be determined by inference. The courts, it is said, have held in cases of shipwreck, that the woman being the weaker, the law warrants the conclusion that she dies first, and therefore the husband's heirs are entitled to the property.

The unnecessary "investigation" of the methods by which all efforts to mechanics in opposition to the democratic party in the southern states are suppressed elicits nothing new. The whole story is well enough known. They simply suppress by any which can best it peace. The committees of investigation are simply wasting time over matters which have for years been familiar to the country.

The Walhalla, South Carolina, *Courier*, published in a recent issue that Illicit distillers are numerous, and a revenue agent is regarded as a public enemy, to be shot on sight, since the repeal the tax on whisky, and, as if by magic, 100 or more distilleries would start in upper South Carolina, converting the staff of life into a poison." Other newspapers in the same region express like opinions.

The Kentucky legislature is endeavoring to discover who drank the 1100 gallons of whisky that was consumed in the state lunatic asylum last year. "There is a horrible stupidity," observes a sympathetic exchange, "that if pupils drank it, and the sentiment of the commonwealth is against the waste of good liquor on people who have not sufficient intellect to enjoy it."

Persons who attempt to publish daily newspapers without having access to sources of news, and who therefore want to reprint the news from journals which have collectors by their own energy and expense, oppose the news copyright. The only opposition to the copyright comes from that quarter.

CURRENT OPINION.

BLAINE IN PENNSYLVANIA.

New York Evening Post.

There are symptoms of an impending Blaine canvass of Pennsylvania, after the manner of the one made by the Tribune just previous to the opening of the last presidential campaign. That canvass, it will be remembered, showed that at least nine-tenths of the republicans of the state up-favored Blaine to all other candidates, but in spite of this showing Cameron was able to get a delegation to the national convention which had a majority against Blaine. Some anxiety has been felt upon the part of Blaine's alleged popularity in the state by saying this is not so "enlisment" as it was four years ago, and that it is hampered by growing doubts as to his availability. That enthusiastic Blaine organ, the Philadelphia *Press*, does not share this view. It says that in spite of the fact that Mr. Blaine is not a candidate, his name will not down," and that in nearly all the meetings of county committees held this week to elect votes have shown his feeling to be right to have a delegation as large as any other candidate. The reasons for his great strength are not given, but we presume his friends in literary labors for five hours every forenoon and his habit of going to bed early have had a good deal to do with it. Then, too, his uncompromising position in favor of protection cannot fail to help him. In a speech which he did *not* actually assert that "even the waters are angry," and are at this moment rising in indignation against the Morrison tariff bill.

PITY JOHN PORTER.

Chicago Tribune.

The Cincinnati *Commercial-Gazette*, which has all along advocated the cause of Fitz John Porter, once more comes to the rescue, and in a most lamentable story of these August days in 1862, and predicates its diatribes to show that Porter was justified in disobeying the orders of Pope, though it does not in this purpose when it acknowledges that "Porter seems to have been slow in coming up," and that "Pope had a desperate enterprise on hand, and to expect to feed Jackson and Longstreet also before Longstreet came." That is exactly what he would have done had Porter marched as Pope wanted he should have done the flank of Jackson and co-operating with Pope. Their joint force of 47,000 men would have overwhelmed Jackson's eighteen thousand men, and still over in streets 23,000. But Porter, as the *Commercial Gazette* says, "seems to have been slow in coming up." The muddy roads and the dark nights made no difference to him. He made no communication with Jackson and got on Porter's flank because Porter waited for him to do so, whereas Porter at that time said to have been moving upon Jackson's flank, Jackson, already having been warned out of the way. As it eventuated Pope, being between Porter and Franklin, with no help for either, might as well have been between two rival corps.

THE LONDON TIMES.

New York World.

The death of Thomas Chenery, the editor of the London *Times*, is announced. Mr. Chenery was 56 years of age. He was born in Barbadoes, and at the time he succeeded Mr. Delane was a fellow of All Souls' and just given up the professorship of Arabic at Oxford. He was celebrated for all oriental knowledge, but was not regarded as an accomplished editor. He was not a practical journalist, and the *Times* under his editorship has steadily lost ground. Of the London newspapers it is fourth or fifth in point of circulation, and in the matter of visiting patronage—the bulwark of the concern—is beginning to show decadence. The *Times* is unable to keep up with the modern journalistic conception of a London daily. It is not the mouthpiece of the city of London, the place for holding the national democratic council on. Each state is entitled to representation thereto equal to double the number of senators and representatives in the congress of the United States. Democrats in each organized territory and the District of Columbia are hereby invited delegates, subject to decision of the committee as to their admission. All citizens of the United States, irrespective of political association and differences, who can unite with them in an effort for a pure, economical and constitutional government, are cordially invited to join in sending delegates to the convention." The call is signed by all the members of the national democratic committee.

On motion of Mellory of Kentucky it was resolved that the next meeting of the committee be held at the Palmer House in Chicago, July 7. The committee then adjourned.

THE OLD TICKET.

General Clarke Interviews Mr. Tilden, who Says he will Accept the Nomination.

San Francisco, Feb. 2.—[Special.]—General Thomas H. Clarke returned last evening from his eastern trip, and was met by a large delegation of old time friends, and with them he sat down to a recital of his experiences. Quite a number of prominent democrats here had sent letters to Mr. Tilden, before him I was coming. On my way I went to Wisconsin, Iowa and Connecticut, and in each I found the democratic leaders favorable to Mr. Tilden's nomination. I had also letters to Governor Hendricks of Indiana, but on reaching that state I found that Governor Hendricks was not a candidate, and declined to be considered as such. I then went to Governor Hoadly of Ohio, and found him favorable to Mr. Tilden's nomination. I also had letters to Governor Abbett of New Jersey, but found that he was not a candidate

CTIONS AND COMMISSION
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S SALES OF REAL ESTATE, FURNITURE
ed to Monday and Thursday
ORS EVERY SATURDAY, at 10 o'clock A. M.
ULAR AUCTION SA
OF
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Sell at 9 o'clock a.m., No. 42 First street,
FRIDAY, FEB. 22, 1884,
e and Varied Line of Ho
hold Furniture,
posed of without any reserve, on account of discontinuing business.
GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.
T. J. O'CONNOR,
neer & Commission Merchant
First and Pine,
and Thursday, Miscellaneous & Mis
Real Estate Sales.
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MPTORY AUCTION SA
OF
E FURNITURE,
CARPETS,
ratine, Sewing and Top
Dresser, Pillows, Quilts,
COUNT OF CHATTEL MORTGAGE.
I am instructed to sell by auction,
ON SATURDAY, FEB. 23,
at stores taken for the occasion in
n, between First and Second sts.,
on Pine,
6 Oxog Arm Chairs
6 Walnut Bedroom Sets,
2 Ash Bedroom Sets,
3 Cane Rocking Chairs,
Comfortables, Feather Beds,
Ash Washstands, Tables, Chiffonier
Washstands, Bed Mattresses, Wash Bowls
Spittoons, Carpets, 3-Ply Ingrains,
Rag Carpets, Mirrors, Window Shades,
Wash Stands, Bed Lounges,
Parlor Lounges,
Silk Parlor Sets,
Chairs,
Rockers, Looking Glasses,
Tables, Stoves, etc.
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EMAN, AUCTIONEER & APPRAI
Auctioneer, Office and sales room
Houses, Horses, Carriages and General Mer
Sales at residence, 161 Front street, Portland
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Miller & Wood.
CHITECTS AND ENGINEERS
H. W. & T. R. OGILBEE,
ENGINEERS AND DRAUGHTSMEN
al Attention given to City Work.
Room 2, Ainsworth Block, Third st. cor. Oak
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
N & GOODEN, COMMISSION MERCHA
Grain and produce dealers and Forwarding
M & LEWIS, COMMISSION AND
Merchants, Front, corner Ash, Portland, Or.
ANSEN & CO., Commission Merchants
Produce, Portland, Oregon.
HASE, HERSTEL & CO., WHOLESA
Portland, 2 and 4 N. Front st., Portland, Or.
GONA BROS., 120 FRONT STREET, PO
Commission Merchants and dealers in
CHURCH & CO., COMMISSION MERCHA
Produce, etc., No. 87 Front street, Portland, Or.
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
HAM, BLUMAUER & CO., WHOLESALE
ers, 2 and 4 N. Front street, Portland, Or.
N & EWEN, WHOLESALE GROCE
ber N. Front and Davis streets, Portland, Or.
& MACLEAY, WHOLESALE G
and Commission Merchants, 66 and 68
Portland.
BAKER & MASON, WHOLESALE
and Commission Merchants, 70 F
reet, Portland.
CHASE & ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE
Fine Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars
ers in Fishing Tackle, Portland, Or.
GUNPOWDER.
H. DODGE & CO., AGENTS CAL. POW
Works, Front, First and Ellis sts., Portland
LL AND FARM MACHINERY.
E BROTHERS' IMPLEMENT DEPOT
orter and dealer in farm and mill machi
Front st., Portland, Or.
PE, BURRELL & CO., WHOLESALE
machinery and dealers in agricultural
Front, Ash and Pine sts., Portland, Or.
rable and stationary engines, saw mills
machinery a specialty; rubber and be
GREGORY & CO., Nos. 5 N. FRONT
Ash, Importers and dealers in Hardw
Heavy Hardware, Carriage Goods, Iron
Steel, Horse Shoes, Nails, Screws, Axles, Sp
HENDERSON & CO., MAKERS OF ESS
ders, grist and sawmills. Iron Founding
Front st., Portland, Or. Send for circular.
ANSEN & CO., SHIPPING AND
Agents, Alaskan and foreign mail
Front st., corner of Oak, Portland, Or.
MACHINISTS.
KMAN & WOLFE, MACHINISTS
and machinery of all descriptions.
ilding tools to order.
SIGN PAINTERS.
E. BURRELL, SIGN PAINTING
ly done; estimates made for inside
ations; work well and promptly done
ond. Shop No. 52 First st.
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
ZINSKI, BROS. & CO., WHOLES
ers in fine cigars, 148 Front st., Portland
of Sullivan, Lucciana & Co., Manufacturers
LEATHER AND FINDINGS.
LEY & TOBIAS, 109 FRONT STREE
ween Washington and Stark streets, Portland
ings Shoe Store Supplies, Belting, Etc.
HOLESALE BOOTS AND SHOE
BOOR L. HIBBARD & CO., WHOLES
Boots and Shoes, 65 Front st., Portland
ARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL
MES N. DOLPH & CO., HARDWA
Iron and Steel, Carriage and Wagon Ma
and Blacksmiths' Coal, 140 and 142 Front
and Ash streets, Portland, Oregon.

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METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, FEB. 22, 1884, 7:47 P. M.

Stations.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Direction of Wind.	Velocity per Hour.	State of Weather.	Precipitation.
Portland	30.00	36	S	8	C	0.00
Walla Walla	29.98	32	SE	4	C	0.00
Lewiston	30.00	34	SE	4	C	0.00
Boise City	30.00	34	N	10	Clear	0.00

Maximum thermometer, 42; minimum, 32.

THE OREGONIAN IN THE EAST.

The paper can be seen at the following places:
New York—Office of Messrs. S. C. Beckwith, Special Agent, Tribune Building.
Chicago—Office of Messrs. Rowell & Co., Newspaper Advertising Agents, No. 40 Merchants' Exchange.
Washington—N. W. Ayer & Son, Agents and Solicitors.
Boston—Public Library.
Washington, D. C.—Library of Congress.
St. Paul—Pioneer Press Office, or leading office of the city.
Omaha—Office of Post and Advertiser.
Minneapolis—Office of Tribune.
Denver—Office of The Republican.

Copies of THE OREGONIAN, containing the annual review, may still be had at the publication office.

"OREGONIAN" POSTOFFICE.

ACTION SALE TO-DAY.

CITY.

S. COURT DECISIONS.—Judge Deady rendered several opinions in Equity cases, a synopsis of which is appended. In the case of Neff vs. Budd, suit is to foreclose the mortgage executed by the defendant to Budd, and to recover a judgment for the amount of $700 in cash. This appears to be a case of a mortgage given by Cole against the plaintiff, Neff, to secure the payment of $1,000, and for one-fourth of the money cash in life establishment. The defendant, Budd, purchased the property at the sheriff's sale, and the attorney who represents Cole, Mrs. Jerome, the administratrix, stated that Cole now reports that the paper under the old management had been originally made for $1,000, and that he can afford to pay more money in the matter now. He offers it for sale and says Budd ought to take a big profit. Mrs. Jerome stated that, at one time, Budd was offered $1,500 for the property, but would not say who the probable buyers were. Until the sale is confirmed it is impossible to tell. The case will undoubtedly be carried to the Supreme Court. Reinstein and Beach, the attorneys of the defendant, contended with considerable warmth that the case was not properly before the court, and that the court had no jurisdiction to decide it. Judge Deady, however, decided to the contrary.

CONSIDERABLE BRUISING.—Jack Bristol, proprietor of the Occidental saloon, and Patrick Hogan, an ex-driver on the Portland & Willamette railroad, had a fight in front of the saloon mentioned, on Front street, between Ash and Pine streets, on Thursday night. It appears that Bristol considers a room on the south side of Ash street, between Front and First, his property, and that before settling for the room he wanted to see other rooms he would be likely to rent. Accordingly he went to look at the room, the door having been left open, and Hogan, who was passing along at the time, was invited in. He accepted the invitation, and while he was looking around Bristol came in and ordered him to get out. Hogan refused to do so, and Bristol thereupon struck him a blow in the face, which was severely resented. Both had an exhilarated interest in arousing the neighborhood, and the fight was soon stopped. Bristol was fined $10 in the police court yesterday, but was not the only one who contributed to the noise.

MISSING MORE THAN A THOUSAND.—Hale A. Lee, formerly a letter carrier, has not been seen of late, and is either in Idaho, perhaps on the city, or somewhere else. Lee's record has little to commend it, and it is said that at the time he left he was behind with some funds. He was also known to have had a number of letters in his possession, and it is supposed that he has taken them with him. Whether or not he has done so, or whether, as is also supposed, he has destroyed them, is not known. Lee's disappearance was discovered on Monday, and he was at once suspended from the service. Warrant for the arrest of the missing man is awaiting him for his husband and, she refused, broke down.

THOSE IN THE COLLINS.—Those in the Collins block who have been in the habit of throwing their slops into the alley from the windows will be interested to learn that the practice is forbidden by the health officer, and that the police have been instructed to arrest all offenders. The order is a good one, and should be enforced.

SUNDAY SCHOOL SERVICE.—To-morrow is the eighteenth anniversary of the Sunday school of the Taylor-street church of this city. This will be commemorated by a special service at the church in the evening. The exercises which have been arranged by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Fredrick Merrin, Sunday evening, will consist of the reports of the officers, singing by the children, recitations and an address. The public are cordially invited.

WANTS HIS MONEY.—Nelson Bennet, the contractor on the Yakima division of the N. P. R. R., for which the $10,000 shipped to Ainsworth by Ladd & Tilton through the Northern Pacific Express Company was intended, has put in a claim for that amount, and commenced suit against the express company to recover the money. Messrs. Williams, Hill, Dunham and Thompson have been retained for the prosecution.

THE MOTHER GOOSE ENTERTAINMENT.—In obedience to a general desire the box plan of the theater will be open at Cornelius' to-day and reserved seats can be obtained for the Mother Goose entertainment without extra charge.

ARRESTED FOR ARSON.

A Railroad Detective from Nevada Arrives in Search of a Man, Whom he Captures, Aided by Local Officers.

Ed White of Dayton was arrested by Marshal Lownsdale yesterday afternoon upon a requisition for the commission of arson in Nevada. It appears a stage robbery was committed in that state some time since, the perpetrators of which were known to White, and a reward being offered he pointed out them and divided the reward with the sheriff. Upon the conviction of the stage robbers, they in turn pointed out White for burning a bridge, of which it appears was a chief in the plans for the stage robbery, so that White was black as his others in the crime. Meanwhile White had broken down, and the sheriff hearing he had taken this course secured a requisition and forwarded it to Detective Barry of Portland.

In notifying the man, Detective T. F. Burke of the Central Pacific railroad at Reno sent and arrived here yesterday. He consulted with Marshal Lownsdale, who soon secured the arrest of White. The latter, in charge of Officer Barry and was placed in the city jail awaiting return to Nevada by next steamer.

Nothing possessed complete innocence of any connection or motive until confronted by the detective, when he "gave himself away" by hastily volunteering the remark that he had nothing to do with burning the bridges, as he was in Truckee at the time.

White is well known here, his parents having resided here for some time.

PERSONAL.

The assistant secretary of the Y. M. C. A., Mr. Clark Davis, is prostrated by a severe congestive chill.

Rev. E. Trumbull Lee, pastor of the Calvary Presbyterian church, is absent from the city on presbyterial appointment and his pulpit will be filled tomorrow by the Rev. J. H. Acker.

Captain Alexander, the popular commander of the Queen of the Pacific, as well known to the traveling public, has again assumed command of his splendid vessel. Owing to a very severe cold contracted while on the Columbia river route, Captain Ferrell was compelled to relinquish command of the Queen for several months. On the last trip of the steamer from San Francisco he stood watch for the first time, and place on the "bridge" his many friends will be pleased to learn of his complete restoration to health.

BRIEF MENTION.

The State of California arrived in port yesterday afternoon.

Portland Band of Hope No. 1 will meet this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the hall of the W. C. T. U. on Washington street, between Front and First. All children are cordially invited.

The Young Men's Christian Association hold a reception meeting for young men this evening in their parlor, commencing at 7:30 o'clock. Young men are cordially invited. Next Tuesday evening a young men's social will be held.

Enterprise.

Speaking of leading business houses on First street we'd mention the firm of H. Ushsin, the oldest and largest boot and shoe store, number 52 First. He has watched the growth and prosperity of the city and always taken an active part in its welfare. This firm has been adding a special clearance sale for some time and we advise dropping in a clean. It's his intention to make a radical change in his present establishment and as the sale lasts only a few days longer no doubt many will take advantage of this golden opportunity.

Reopened.

Passing down First street last Sunday, one man noticed Messrs. Rosenbaum & Co. busily engaged in their fine fruit and confectionery store, which had been closed for some time past, but has been reopened by Mr. M. Mintz, a gentleman well known to the Portland public. The appearance of the window and general activity now in progress in the store is quite enough to tell the story of prosperity, notwithstanding the dull times here in the city just at present.

Small.

Office-seekers these delicious days are on the anxious and watchful—awaiting developments. Small favors are to be had in quantities to suit, at his market Fourth and Morrison.

S. M. BARR

is now holding a clearance sale of his entire stock of boots and shoes, worth $20 to $30 this week.

Go to W. S. Berger, the fine and ornamental painter, 28 Washington st. Best work in the city, at reasonable rates.

Winsor and Newton's artists' material, at Schenkar's Art Gallery, 16 Morrison st.

NEWSPAPER SOLD.—There was filed yesterday in the county clerk's office a bill of sale of everything heretofore belonging to the Northwest News Printing and Publishing Company, and used in the publication of a paper known as that title, to one Hall, of this city. No consideration for the sale was the entire liabilities of the three mortgages held by Cole against the paper, which amounted to $12,000, and the amount of $500 in cash. This appears to about one-fourth of the money cash in life establishment. The Chronicle, yesterday, declared: "Mr. Jerome, the attorney who represents Cole, says he does not understand that the paper under the old management had been originally made for $1,000, and that he can afford to pay more money in the matter now. He offers it for sale and says Budd ought to take a big profit. Mrs. Jerome stated that, at one time, Budd was offered $1,500 for the property, but would not say who the probable buyers were. Until the sale is confirmed it is impossible to tell. The case will undoubtedly be carried to the Supreme Court. Reinstein and Beach, the attorneys of the defendant, contended with considerable warmth that the case was not properly before the court, and that the court had no jurisdiction to decide it. Judge Deady, however, decided to the contrary."

POLICE COURT.—W. B. McCrary was held to answer for stealing a coat belonging to Charles Perkins from the American Exchange. Vincent Cavanaugh was arraigned on a charge of stealing a box of eggs from Mendenhall, Robertson & Co. yesterday. Judge Hill, in a straightforward, who was allowed to testify and told a straight story. Counselor Campbell, who appeared for the defense, thought the case all up, but Cavanaugh, unfortunately, became so frightened that he could not say a word. Judge Hill, however, was not to be influenced by the tears of the prisoner and fined him $50 and costs, or 50 days in the county jail. Cavanaugh was then taken to the county jail.

GEORGE IN VICTORIA.—A young man named George, California and says his name is George S., and who is about 21 years old, was arraigned in the police court yesterday on the charge of vagrancy. The case was a peculiar one, and will be long remembered by the police magistrate. The boy's story is a very sorry one, and is about as follows: He left his home in California about a year ago, and came to Victoria, where he got a job on a farm. He worked there for a while, but finally left the farm and went

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 23, 1884.

STATE TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE.

Concluding their Labors Yesterday—Resolutions Encouraging the Lecturer in his Work Another Party Organized.

The Alliance assembled yesterday morning, Dr. Watts, president, in the chair.

Prayer was made by Rev. T. L. Wilson.

Rev. E. S. Hines rendered his resignation as one of the state lecturers of the Alliance.

The finance committee submitted the following resolutions:

For the better understanding of the relations subsisting between the Alliance and the state lecturer—Dr. Watts—to relieve him of all as to our much hearty support in the arduous labors and to convince the world of our sincerity and business good sense, this Alliance does hereby resolve:

1. That Dr. Watts shall receive, while laboring in the interests of this Alliance, one hundred dollars per month and his expenses and our executive committee are hereby instructed to make settlement at the close of each month out of funds in hands, taking receipt for the same.

2. That in all churches, societies and meetings where Dr. Watts shall lecture in the interest of temperance they shall take collections or solicit material aid in such ways as the friends of temperance in the localities shall deem best, promptly reporting the amounts thus raised to the executive committee of this Alliance. The monies thus raised may be immediately applied by the lecturer to defray his expenses provided the amounts raised are not in excess of their dues and provided they promptly return to treasurer three months dues appropriated, and all surplus in their hands.

3. That this Alliance urges upon the executive and finance committees to use their utmost exertions to keep the treasury replenished to supply revenue when the quarterly dues shall be first in order; and shall be used.

That this Alliance earnestly solicits the cooperation of pastors, churches, sunday-schools, temperance organizations and good people everywhere to facilitate the work of our lecturer, as it is possible to arrange in our larger cities that fifty nine lectures to two or more courses of one month each. Pastors are especially invited to make such arrangements as shall be convenient to fill in and when made to notify any committee located.

The discussion on the subject matter of the resolutions took place, the ball rising session and the fact was developed that Dr. Watts has been paid at the rate of $400 a year with which to go to Idaho and work in the interest of the cause in that state, but he preferred to labor in Oregon if the Alliance wants him, at a salary of $100 a month and expenses. The debate on ways and means for the prosecution of the work and for pay for Dr. Watts in the meantime took a wide range, and finally when motion was taken the resolutions were finally voted upon and lost.

Mr. A. M. Smith offered the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the executive committee be instructed to employ Dr. Watts from now until the meeting of the next legislature on his profession of $100 per month, and that $250 be allowed him for past services not provided for as stated in his report.

Dr. Watts took occasion as a matter of privilege to call the attention to a report of the proceedings which appeared in the Standard of this morning, which said that "the complainant that the publication of his annual report in THE TELEGRAM was not correct." He desired to say that he felt very grateful to the daily press of this city for their full reports of the proceedings of this Alliance, and THE TELEGRAM was in particular. He had never complained of the report as published in the paper, and he had said nothing that could have been remotely construed as reflecting on the paper in any way, or upon its very fair and full reports.

ORGANIZING ANOTHER PARTY.

During the noon recess and just before the reassembling of the Alliance for the afternoon, several members of that body who were dissatisfied with the action in refusing to immediately affiliate with the national home protection and prohibition party, gathered in one corner of the hall and effected a temporary organization by calling C. W. Dimmick, of Marion, to the chair, and J. E. Houston, of Linn, was appointed secretary. Among those present were Messrs. King and Webb, state lecturers of the I. O. G. T., Rev. S. P. Wilson, E. M. Turner, Mr. Lambert, Rev. Messrs. Crozier, Evon and others.

Mr. Houston read the call and pledge of the national prohibition party, and on his motion it was endorsed by the meeting, those so voting thus agreeing to cut loose from both the republican and democratic parties, and work and vote only with the new party.

Messrs. Houston, Lambert and Dimmick were appointed a temporary executive committee for the new party, with power to call a convention to select delegates to the national convention, if thought best.

Rev. J. W. Webb was appointed a committee to prepare a pledge and call and circulate the same through the Alliance this afternoon for signatures.

The meeting then adjourned.

The Alliance assembled in the afternoon at 1:30, and after some unimportant deliberations closing its labors, the meeting adjourned.

MR. VANDERBILT'S PICTURES.

A Visit to the Private Gallery in Which are Art Objects that Cost Millions.

New York Letter to the Omaha Herald.

A pressure of my finger on a tiny button doubtless rang a bell by electricity, though the quickness with which a man servant came out suggested that the wire was attached to his heels. He was a flunky of the English pattern. I passed at once into the picture galleries. There are two of them, adjoining, and each is something like fifty by seventy-five feet in floor area, with a height equal to two or three stories of an ordinary house. About two hundred visitors were present during the afternoon which I spent there and I did not detect one instance of prying audacity.

The pictures are all modern and chiefly French, the names of the painters include every artist of contemporary fame, the subjects are almost always attractive to a lover of decent beauty, there being no examples of horror and repulsiveness. For instance, his Turner is a partially clear and remarkably perfect view of a mystic valley full of hovering persons, the title being "The Fountain of Indolence." His Detaille has to be a vast piece, of course, but there is no death or carnage in it. His Alma Tademas lack grotesqueness and his Bougureau is a woman. On the Way to the Bath," not after she has disrobed there.

Mr. Vanderbilt came into the gallery for a few minutes and chatted in an off hand way with acquaintances and others. I took occasion to talk with him on the subject of the extensive frauds lately discovered in Parisian art traffic. "There's big business done," I said, "in that line in Paris," he said, "and I don't know that any buyer who deals with the merchants can ever be sure that his pictures are what they pretend to be. America seems a good ways off to those fellows, and once a large painting has been sent across the Atlantic they naturally feel pretty safe about it."

He does not give the aggregate cost of the collection, but the sum cannot be less than three millions. In a conspicuous corner is a portrait of himself. The canvas is only ten inches by thirteen. The likeness is very efficient. The plentiful small wrinkles in the rich man's face are shown with fidelity, while cross-lines around the little, twinkling eyes are all there in miniature and there is in no respect the slightest idealization of the coarse features. It is the work of the highly fashionable Meissonier. How much do you suppose was paid for it? Twenty thousand dollars. And no flattery thrown in at that!

The Constitution of a Nation Burned up.

St. James' Gazette, Dec 8.

Belgium, the freest and best-governed country on the continent of Europe, is for the present without a constitution, the charter of 1830, together with the decree of 1831, Belgian independence, having been destroyed in the fire which has burned to the ground the chamber of representatives. The case is unprecedented and it will be interesting to see in what manner the nation will readopt the act. Fortunately, one may say without much emphasis, the Belgian constitution is written in the hearts of the people and the Belgians, after all, are in no worse position than the English who also have no constitution in documentary form. The only other country which was ever deprived of its constitution at one blow was Poland. The Diet-Is constitution of the year 1815 was seized by Alexander, the troops of the emperor Nicholas, after the suppression of the insurrection of 1830, and carried away, rolled up and enclosed in a japanned tin case, to be exhibited at Moscow in a museum of curiosities, where it is still to be seen.

Paul Lindau, one of Germany's foremost journalists, accompanied the Villard excursion and spike driving party, and has of course written letters containing his observations. He paid special attention to the noted persons who were among Villard's guests. In speaking of General Grant he says: "He is the opposite of all which can be called elegant. He is barely of medium height, heavy set, with broad shoulders; his motions are slow languid and awkward. His head is thick and anything but imposing. He wears a full beard, dropped short. Forehead and eyes are mean unless and special characteristics are wanting entirely."

IRISH NATIONALITY AND IRISH PATRIOTS.

PORTLAND, Feb. 21.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

The presence in this city within the last few days of the gifted young orator, as some papers term him and the "Hon. Thomas Brennan, M. P.," as others style him, (with no offense intended to the position of neither of my employers), and the extraordinary attentions on the part of our Irish-born citizens representing Mr. Brennan as being the champion of Irish liberty and calling upon all lovers of freedom for an oppressed people to contend the cause entered the writer, with several Americans, to enquire. We say that we were disappointed into express our feelings mutually. We were as one and surprised and to find that for forty years I had been in the wrong groove, on the wrong track that I had unpondered, about the feelings and loyalty of our Irish citizens for Irish nationality and republican government humiliated me exceedingly. I was made to feel thus by the applause which greeted the speaker and the apparent ovation of "Auld Lang Syne," which his words were intended to. That he is an intelligent and fluent speaking there is no doubt, his grasp of facts and the appearance he is in his favor, but that he should be the exponent of the doctrine of Irish nationality is most absurd. One that has been formed more than a quarter of a century ago for the purpose of "clear skies." He is a subject, as far as this question, as they have appeared in the San Francisco Call and Chronicle, San Jose Mercury, Los Angeles Herald, Visalia Times and San Francisco Post, are still asks, were for what? Consequently he must be a student and a fit English not illy fit to be successful candidate for Irish parliament. That it has been his ambition from the date of his detention as a suspect is well known, and the press of his being suspected over his connection with the old land, leaving that time no doubt in Ireland was for a principle, but he deserved no punishment and received none. Deception was merely to be kind up, which being started by new pleasure. Talking from the platform of Mr. Brennan's career to show that his record as a patriot what will not bear scrutiny, and that the doctrine as enunciated in his speeches is not true to Irish nationality. It is not a question for the head of the union question and all other Irish agitations, which result in a sad state of orphanage and return of a few of the most prominent of the agitators to the British parliament to be mere outlaws by the crown ministers and rewarded by the Chiltern Hundreds or some other sinecure office. Their votes have always on the side of the crown, while the great mass of the Irish people have to suffer further degradation, greater poverty and higher rents, and as a consequence acts brought about by the deceptive actions of would be representatives and pretended nationalists. Many and influential exceptions to-day are at present in the English legislature, but they are not believers in Brennan's doctrine, for they are nationalists, and I use nationality means nothing more or less than a united Ireland, permanently separate from England and the entire dismemberment of a republican form of government in Ireland.

"A separate nest, distinct, apart,
And on it I'll keep my heart;
The Scottish and the Irish hear
No human power can free or bind."

These have been the teachings and the lessons given since 1800, from the cradle to the grave to every true Irish nationalist from the days of Wolfstone and Emmet. What a vast difference there is in the doctrine of the National league, as stated by its great expounder and gifted orator, Thomas Brennan, M. P. I quote from THE OREGONIAN of the 19th:

"All we ask," says Mr. Brennan, "is for the same rights of the franchise as England. We ask for local government, so that those who pay local rates and taxes may have a voice in their expenditure. We ask for the management of the poor laws to be placed in the hands of the people. Finally we ask for the right of national self government similar to those enjoyed by various portions of the British empire without injury to its integrity or strength."

The sentiment is "that people to have an interest only on condition of being subject to the British throne, but with the British constitution.

The means we propose to adopt to obtain our demands are those recognized by the British constitution—speaking in parliament through the representatives of the people. Any exhibition of lawlessness or act of criminal violence is an injury to our cause and an injury as well as manifestly injurious to our chances of success."

If that is Irish nationality I want no credit, and I deny it is identical with the oath of Allegiance to citizenship, in fact a direct violation of it, to subscribe one dollar or in any way to receive or support such a movement as that launched by the Irish National league of increasing the integrity of the British throne or empire." Allow me to suggest to my fellow citizens of Irish birth to read that clause in their naturalization papers which all those who have taken all allegiance to foreign governments, particularly the British.

As Americans indeed with the freedom and principles of Republican institutions, as we are exercising their superiority over those of nature in the right to propagate these principles to be enjoyed by mankind on earth with no further to assist Ireland, and not with the restriction of international law than will the great cause of the American people but you can not reproach us for failing to assist our brethren in Ireland to strengthen the integrity of the British empire. I will again quote from THE OREGONIAN:

"If it, therefore, these principles of the Irish national league that Hon Mr Brennan himself advocates. And in speaking of these principles he has said that the great agency of the Irish cause to ignominious. In Ireland, ignorance has been the result of violence, when self-restraint was the first essential of success. Abroad it has been the foundation of principles opposed to the great Empire. Intelligence is fast disappearing in Ireland. The rising generation are receiving an education that was out of the reach of their fathers."

Besides being eloquent in his style Mr Brennan must have it, his speech composition a small portion of that feeling known as optimism, acting in combination, to be able to give utterance to such sentiments and be applauded by an intelligent Irish audience. His imagination must be powerful as that of Longfellow's, which enabled him to draw the bird to its destruction. His remarks were applauded by hundreds of his country men who were educated in Ireland before the days of national agitation, although judging the standard style as he has spoken and many his superiors, so much were they in his power that they forgot for the moment their duty as American citizens and their oath as such when so greeting any sentiment or saying any injury to strengthen British supremacy. They did so, in accepting the principles as put forth and sanctioned the greatest blunder that was ever uttered when he stated that "no Ireland ignorance has been the source of all evil." Robert Emmet acquitted himself an act of violence yet he was highly educated. His speech still electrifies the world, but his epitaph is still unwritten Brennan will never write it. What an inducement Ireland to the patriot martyrs of poor but brave old Ireland. Have her people become so degenerate as to calmly and silently acquiesce in the absence of her patriot dead? No, thank God, no. It is only the timely, swift and water representations of an organization which so far shows its subserviency to an influence that has ever been inimical to the best interests of Irish republican nationality in favor of British supremacy, which keeps Ireland and her people still divided, organization and nationality only as a secondary consideration, which repudiates and discourages all republican aspirations in Ireland, fearing that such freedom would forever destroy the power of Ireland's greatest foe, the British aristocracy, of such organizations under the false name of Irish National League that would not salute the American flag instead of the Irish harp. Those Nationalists do otherwise as the following words of the chairman of the Chicago meeting on the late anniversary of the authors of "God save Ireland" attests:

"This prayer was the legacy, peerless and beyond price, left to the Irish race by the Brownings to honor whose memory we have met to-night. It was a legacy of which we may well be proud, for the history of the world shows but few examples of such devoted patriotism and sublime love as filled the breast of Michael Dolores Allen, Larkin and O'Brien. Much history hold up as a model to imitate the youth whose hand turned in the Tuscan fire to show the tyrant how little they cared for the terrors of death in the cause of liberty, or the undaunted offspring of a people's trust that bore his mangled body on their backs for half a mile, amid the roars of the storm, ignoring the hideous apparatus of death around, could cry out with a voice in the face of fate and in defiance of the power that encompassed their death, "God save Ireland."

It was an inspiration from the guardian spirit of Robert Emmet. It was a spark to set on fire the foundations of Liberty's every throne. Sixteen years ago this morning, Allen, Larkin and O'Brien were judicially murdered in Manchester, by order of England, with the restriction of international law that